



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

FOREIGN AND INSULAR.

BRAZIL.

Report from Bahia.

BAHIA, BRAZIL, *August 4, 1902.*

SIR: I beg leave to report that for the week ended August 2, 1902, there were reported in the cemeteries of Bahia 108 interments. The following were the chief causes of death: Arterio-sclerosis, 5; beriberi, 3; bronchitis, 4; cirrhosis of liver, 1; diarrhea and dysentery, 2; eclampsia, 1; erysipelas, 1; enteritis, 3; malarial fevers, 8; gangrene, 2; gastritis, 3; hepatitis, 2; senile debility, 4; Bright's disease, 3; stillborn, 4; syphilis, 4; tetanus, 1; whooping cough, 1; tuberculosis, 13, and from other causes, 43.

Respectfully,

H. W. FURNISS,
United States Consul.

The SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY.

BRITISH HONDURAS.

Weekly report of conditions and transactions at Belize—Fruit port.

BELIZE, BRITISH HONDURAS, *August 24, 1902.*

SIR: I have the honor to make the following report of the conditions and transactions at this port during the week ended August 23, 1902:

Population according to census of 1901, 9,113; present officially estimated population, about 7,000. Number of cases and deaths from yellow fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from smallpox during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from typhus fever during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from cholera during the week, none; number of cases and deaths from plague during the week, none; number of deaths from other causes during the week, 4. Causes of death: Peritonitis, 1; pachymeningitis, 1; senile debility, 1; premature birth, 1. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good.

Bills of health were issued to the following vessels: August 21, steamship *Geo. Dumois*; crew, 18; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, none; baggage disinfected, none. August 22, steamship *Anselm*; crew, 42; passengers from this port, none; passengers in transit, 31; baggage disinfected, none.

Respectfully,

R. H. PETERS,
Acting Assistant Surgeon.

The SURGEON-GENERAL.

CANADA.

Inspection of immigrants at Quebec for the week ended August 30, 1902.

QUEBEC, CANADA, *August 30, 1902.*

SIR: I have the honor to report that at this port, for the week ended Saturday, August 30, 359 immigrants were inspected; passed, 353; detained, 6. * * *

Respectfully,

W. C. BILLINGS,
Assistant Surgeon.

The SURGEON-GENERAL.